British history Syllabus Analysis by Faisal Hayat (PAS)

I. The Glorious Revolution (1688)

- Causes, and Results
- William III and Mary II (1689-1702)
- Queen Anne (1702-1714)
- Union of England and Ireland

II. Hanoverian Era (1714-1790)

- Jacobite Rebellions (1715 and 1745)
- Robert Walpole and Whig Oligarchy
- American War of Independence (1776)
- The role of William the younger

III. The Union of England and Scotland

IV. Union of England and Ireland

V. The Old Colonial system

VI. The French Revolution and Napoleonic Wars

- Causes
- Britain and Napoleonic Wars
- Impact on Britain

VII. Industrial and Agricultural Revolution

- Causes
- Effects on Political and Social Life of Britain
- Party Politics
- The Methodist Movement
- Socialism
- Liberalism
- Colonization
- Chartest Movement

VIII. Robert Peel and return of Torries.

- Internal policies
- Irish Problem

IX. Victorian Era (1837-1901)

- Internal Reforms
- Liberals
- Foreign Policy
- **Disraeli, Gladstone and Problems in Ireland**
- Great Britain and Free Trade

X. Edwardian Era (1901-1910)

- Domestic and Foreign Policies (1901-1910)
- The Origins of Labor Party

XI. Britain, World War I and its Aftermath

- Causes
- Britain and Peace settlement
- Effects of War on Britain
- League of Nations
- The Great Depression
- Appeasement and Rearmament

British History by Faisal Hayat (CSS-2022, CSS-2020, PMS,2021)

Past paper Analysis part one

2017

Q.No.2. What were the merits and demerits of the Whig rule? What led to the downfall of Whig ascendancy? Analyze comprehensively. (20) Q.No.3. Industrial Revolution drastically changed methods of production in England. How did it affect the Social, Economic, Political and Cultural life of the English people? (20) Q.No.4. Give a comprehensive account of chartist movement. Why did it fail? Explain and Analyse. (20) Q.No.5. "Gladstone's domestic policy was the climax of liberalism". Discuss it comprehensively.	**1. Whig oligarchy** **2. Industrial revolution** **3. Chartist movements** **4. Gladstone**

2018

Q. No. 2 What did lead to the occurrence of Ultra-degree of mega development towards the close of 17th century A.D. in Britain known as "Glorious Revolution"? (Q. No. 3. "The 18th century A.D. witnessed the Emergence, Rise and Growth of the two Movements (Agrarian and Industrial) which revolutionised the lives of the English people in particular and later on, of the world in general." Comment on the statement. (20) Q. No. 4. Shed ample light on the Interior as well as Exterior policy of Sir Robert Peel as British Premier with particular emphasis on Irish issue. (20) Q. No. 5. What measures were taken for the Democratisation of British Parliament round the decades?	**1. Glorious revolution** **2. Industrial revolution** **3. Robert Peel** **4. Parliamentary Reforms**

2019

What was so glorious about the Glorious Revolution? Discuss its significance in the British History. (20) Q. No. 3. What was the political and constitutional significance of the Hanorerian succession in England? (20) Q. No. 4. Explain the factors that led to the Industrial Revolution and discuss how did it affect the social, political, economic and cultural life of the English people? (20) Q. No. 5. The Reform Act of 1832 made possible the series of political and administrative reforms that laid the foundation of modern Britain. Discuss.	**1. Glorious revolution** **2. Whig oligarchy and Hanoverian succession** **3. Industrial Revolution** **4. Parliamentary Reforms**

2020

What were merits and demerits of Whig oligarchy? Critically examine the causes of the downfall of Whig ascendancy. (20) Q. No. 3. Estimate the influence of French Revolution on English Society and Political thought. (20) Q. No. 4. Give a history of parliamentary Reforms between 1832. A.D to 1928 A.D. Also critically examine how England became a politically democratic country? (20) Q. No. 5. "Peel was the most liberal of conservatives and most conservative of liberals". Examine the statement critically.	**1. Whig oligarchy** **2. French revolution** **3. Parliamentary Reforms** **4. Robert Peel**

British History by Faisal Hayat (CSS-2022, CSS-2020, PMS,2021)

2021

What were the political and ideological differences among Non-Jurors, High Churchmen and Latitudinarians? (20) Q. No. 3. What were the political and constitutional causes and consequences of the Act of Union 1707? (20) Q. No. 4. Provide a detailed account of the causes of World War I and its effects on the social and economic aspects of Britain. (20) Q. No. 5. What is the Edwardian era? Elucidate the rise and significance of the Labour Movement in the Edwardian era.	**1. Glorious revolution** **2. Act of union** **3. World war one its impacts on brtiain and policy of isolation** **4. Edwardian Era**

2022

The domestic of Gladstone was the climax of liberalism during the 19th century. Discuss and analyze. Q3. “A glorious success until 1761 and then failure”. Do you agree with this estimate of the career of Chat Ham? Q4. Discuss the rise of the Labour Party in Britain and enumerate the achievements of this party. Q5. Estimate the influence of the French Revolution on English Society and Political thought.	**1. Gladstone** **2. William the younger** **3. Labour party** **4. French revolution**

Part II

Disintegration of Ottoman empire and eastern question **I. Britain, World War II and its Aftermath** • Causes and events. • Churchill, War Conferences • Creation of U.N.O • Effects of war • Reforms of Labor Government **XIII. Great Britain and Cold War** • Creation of Commonwealth • NATO • Decolonization of the British Empire • Internal Policies and EEC • Foreign Policy	**XIV. Thatcherism to Cameroun (1979-2012)** • Internal Policy • Society and culture • Foreign Policy • Falkland War • John Major and his Policies • European Common Market and the Great Britain **Formation of EU** **Tony Blair "New Labour" Economic Crunch, War on Terror and his Policies** **Global Financial Crisis 2008 and the Great Britain** **Reforms under Cameroun** **Brexit**

Past paper Analysis part one

2017

Q.No.6. Explain the Eastern Question and critically analyse the attitude of England towards this question from 1820 to 1913. Q.No.7. What do you understand by British Commonwealth of Nations and how it developed? How does it differ from the term British Empire? Q.No.8. What are the advantages and disadvantages of Brexist for England? Analyse with arguments.	1. **Ottoman empire** 2. **commonwealth** 3. **Brexit**

2018

Q. No. 6. How Britain put a halt to "The policy of Splendid Isolation"? What were its positive and negative aspects? (20) Q. No. 7. Why it is believed by certain circles that after Decolonisation, Britain has been subservient to US-Line of Action during Cold War and thereafter down to 9/11 and subsequent years? Do you agree or not? Argue. (20) Q. No. 8. Write short Notes on any TWO of the following: (10 each) (a) Sir Winston Churchil (b) Britain's role in EU (c) Lady Diana	5. **Policy of splendid isolation** 6. **Cold war** 7. **Winston Churchill, EU,** 8. **Parliamentary Reforms**

British History by Faisal Hayat (CSS-2022, CSS-2020, PMS,2021)

2019

How successfully did the Labour government of 1945-51 tackle the economic and social problems of Post-World War II in Britain? (20) Q. No. 7. What were the motives behind the Britain's move to decolonisation after 1945? Also explain why and how did the British leave India in 1947? (20) Q. No. 8. Explain why John Major and the Conservatives won the general election of 1992 but lost the election of 1997?	**1. Labour reforms** **2. Decolinisation** **3. John major**

2020

What do you know about the Middle East and Suez Canal crisis? Also explain why did England withdraw from Palestine and Suez Canal? Discuss. (20) Q. No. 7. What do you know about the League of Nations? Explain the work of the league. What were the causes of the failure of the League of Nations? (20) Q. No. 8. What were the causes of Falkland War? In what way it has affected the Britain's relationship with Latin American countries?	**1. Suez Canal crisis** **2. League of nations** **3. Falkland's war**

2021

What was the Falkland Islands conflict? Why Did the British invade the Falkland Islands and how this war came to an end? (20) Q. No. 7. What is the contribution of Great Britain in the formation of the European Common Market and European Union? Also, highlight its impact on the foreign policy of Britain. (20) Q. No. 8. What were the salient features of Tony Blair's policy on the War on Terror? How did his policy affect US-Britain relations?	**5. Falkland's War** **6. EU** **7. Tony Blair's War on terrorism Policy**

2022

Explain the genesis of the Falkland war. How has it affected Britain's relationship with Latin American countries? Q7. Discuss Winston Churchill as a statesman, warrior, and a man of letters. Q8. Write comprehensive notes on any TWO of the following: 1. Lord Kitchener 2. the Suez canal crisis 3. Utilitarian	**4. Falkland's War** **5. Winston Churchil** **6. Suez Canal** **7. Utlitarianism**